Turing Machines

A Turing Machine has a finite state controller and a tape that is infinite in both directions. The input is on the tape at the start of the computation; the rest of the tape is blank. The controller starts at the beginning of the input and reads one tape symbol at a time.

A move consists of the following steps, taken in order:

- a) Read the current tape symbol
- b) Change the state of the controller
- c) Write a symbol over the one just read
- d) Move left or right one symbol on the tape.

The Turing Machine accepts the input if it ever enters a final state, whether or not it has read the entire input.

Formally a Turing Machine is (Q, Σ , Γ , δ , s, B, F) where

- Q is the finite set of states
- $\boldsymbol{\Sigma}$ is the alphabet of input symbols
- Γ is the tape alphabet
- δ is the transition function ($\delta(q,a)=(p,b,d)$ where q and p are states, a and b are tape symbols, and d is a direction to move on the tape)
- s is the start state
- B is the blank symbol on the tape
- F is the set of final states

Notation for transitions:



means: "If you are in state p and the current tape symbol is A, transition to state q, overwrite the A on the tape with B and move to the right on the tape."

Example: This accepts $\{0^n1^n \mid n > 0\}$



- q_0 : If 0 overwrite with X and go to q_1 ; if Y goto q_3 .
- q₁: Walk over 0s until you find 1, then overwrite with Y and go to q_2 .
- q₂: Move left over Ys and Os
 - looking for X; when you find X more right and go to q₀.
- q_3 : Move right looking for a blank; if you find it go to q_4 .
- q₄: Accept



XXXYYY 000111 end in q₄; accept

XXYY 00111 doesn't get to a blank from q₃.

XXXYY 00011 doesn't get to a 1 from q₁. Configuration descriptions: let $X_1...X_{i-1}pX_i..X_n$ mean that the tape contents are $X_1..X_n$, the automaton is currently in state p, and the tape head is over X_i . We will use symbol => to indicate one step of the computation:

$$q_00011 => Xq_1011 => X0q_111 => Xq_20Y1 => q_2X0Y1 => Xq_00Y1 =>$$

=> XXYYq₃ => XXYYq₄ => ACCEPT

A more complex example: This starts with 0^m10ⁿ on the tape and ends with 0^{nxm}; it performs multiplication.

Step 1: Start with 0^m10ⁿ; write 1 at the end of the input to give 0^m10ⁿ1.
Step 2a: If there is a 0 at the start replace it with B (blank); go to the first 1.

- 2b: For each 0 prior to the second 1 replace it with X and copy a 0 at the end of the tape. This step makes a copy of the second set of 0s.
 - 2c: Replace all of the X's with 0s, then go back to the beginning of the inputl. Repeat Step 2.
- Step 3: When there is a 1 at the beginning of the input erase both 1s and the 0s in between.
- Step 4: Halt (Accept)











Terminology: We say that a language is *recursively enumerable* if there is a Turing Machine that accepts it. We say that a language is *recursive* if there is a Turing Machine that halts on all inputs and accepts the language.

With a recursive language we can tell if any string is in the language or not: its Turing Machine either halts in a final state or a non-final state.

With a recursively enumerable language the TM will halt and accept on strings that are in the language, but might run forever on strings that aren't in the language.

Programming Tricks

I. Remembering Data

Suppose we have a portion of a TM like this:



On input 0a0 we want to end up in state s; on 1a1 we want to end up in state t. In other words, we want to "remember" the value we read in state p. To do this we make 2 copies of the p-to-r sequence:



We can think of this as storing information in the controller:



II. Multiple Tracks

We can think of a TM as having multiple tracks that we process together. The tape alphabet Γ is finite so instead of one track with Γ we might have 3 with $\Gamma x \Gamma x \Gamma$, where tape "symbol" (a,b,c) represents a on track 1, b on track 2, and c on track 3. We read all 3 tracks at each step.

We usually think of the first track as containing the original input and the other tracks as scratch work developed during the execution of the TM. Example: This 2-track TM accepts the non-context-free language $\{wcw \mid w \in (0+1)^*\}$ $0 \mid 0R$ $0 \mid R$ $0 \mid R$ $0 \mid R$

